Common Data Set A: General Information (2012-2013)

Instructions and Help Glossary of Terms

Respondent Information (Not for Publicatio	on)
A0	
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Are your responses to the CDS posted for references on your institution? Web site?	's 💿 Yes 💮 No
If yes, please provide the URL of the corresponding Web page:	www.fairfield.edu/about/ir_cds.html
We invite you to indicate if there are items on the CDS for which you cannot use the requested analytic convention, or cannot provide data for the cohort requested, whose methodology is unclear, or about which you have questions or comments in general. This information will not be published but will help the publishers further refine CDS items.	

Address Information	
A1	
Name of College/University:	Fairfield University
Mailing Address:	1073 North Benson Road CNS 302
City/State/Zip:	Fairfield CT 06824
Country:	United States
Street Address (if different):	
Main Phone Number:	203-254-4000
WWW Home Page Address:	www.fairfield.edu
Admissions Phone Number	203-254-4100
Admissions Toll-Free Phone Number:	
Admissions Office Mailing Address:	1073 North Benson Road
City/State/Zip:	Fairfield CT 06824-5195
Country:	United States
Admissions Fax Number:	203-254-4199
Admissions Email Address:	

If there is a separate URL for your school's online application, please specify: If you have a mailing address other than the above to which applications should be sent, please provide: City/State/Zip: Country:	admis@fairfield.edu www.fairfield.edu/admission/uga_index.html United States
Source of institutional control (Check only	one):
A2	💿 Public 💿 Private (nonprofit) 💿 Proprietary
Classify your undergraduate institution:	
A3	Coeducational Men's Women's college college
Academic year calendar:	
A4 If you chose 'Differs', please describe here: If you chose 'Other', please describe here:	 Semester Quarter Trimester 4/1/4 Continuous Differs By Program Other
Degrees offered by your institution:	
A5	 Certificate Diploma Associate Transfer Associate Terminal Associate Bachelor's PostBachelor's certificate Master's Post-Master's certificate Doctoral Doctoral/Research Doctoral Other

Common Data Set B: Enrollment And Persistence (2012-2013)

Inst	ructions and Help Glossary of Terms						
Institutional Enrollment - Men and Women							
B1	Provide numbers of students for each of the following categorie Report students formerly designated as "first professional" in th			al fall repor	ting date or as	of October 1	5, 2012. Note:
		F	ull-Time		Part	t-Time	
		Men	Women		Men	Women	
	Undergraduates						
	Degree-seeking, first-time freshmen	381	609	Line 1	0	0	Line 15
	Other first-year, degree-seeking	20	18	Line 2	0	0	Line 16
	All other degree-seeking	1,002	1,426	Lines 3-	6 111	129	Lines 17-20
	Total degree-seeking	1,403	2,053]	111	129	
	All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	8	7	Line 7	75	93	Line 21
	Total undergraduates	1,411	2,060	Line 8	186	222	Line 22
		Men	Women		Men	Women	
	Graduate						
	Degree-seeking, first-time	75	91	Line 11	58	111	Line 25
	All other degree-seeking	70	121	Line 12	159	341	Line 26
	All other graduates enrolled in credit courses	3	10	Line 13	11	70	Line 27
	Total graduate	148	222		228	522	
	Total all undergraduates:		3,879				
	Total all graduate:	[1,120				
	GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS:	-	4,999				

Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category

B2 Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official Fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2012. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns. Report as your institution reports to IPEDS: persons who are Hispanic/Latino should be reported only on the Hispanic/Latino line, not under any race, and persons who are non-Hispanic/Latino multi -racial should be reported only under "Two or more races."

	Degree- seeking FIRST-TIME FIRST- YEAR	Degree- seeking UNDER- GRADUATES (including first-time first-year)	Total UNDER GRADUATES (both degree - and non- degree- seeking)
Nonresident aliens	19	55	61
Hispanic/Latino	69	300	306

Black or African American, non-Hispanic/Latino	21	124	127
White, non-Hispanic/Latino	767	2,540	2,591
American Indian or Alaska Native, non-Hispanic/Latino	1	5	5
Asian, non-Hispanic/Latino	21	87	89
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, non-Hispanic/Latino	0	2	2
Two or more races, non-Hispanic/Latino	5	38	38
Race and/or ethnicity unknown	87	545	660
TOTAL	990	3,696	3,879

Persistence

B3 Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2012

Certificate/diploma	0
Associate degrees	3
Bachelor's degrees	901
Postbachelor's certificates	0
Master's degrees	419
Post-Master's certificates	21
Doctoral degrees – research/scholarship	0
Doctoral degrees – professional practice	5
Doctoral degrees – other	0

Graduation Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 2012 Web-based survey.

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the fall 2006 cohort if available. If fall 2006 cohort data are not available, please provide data for the fall 2005 cohort.

Fall 2006 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 2006. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall 2006.

Initial 2006 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degreeseeking undergraduate students; total all students;

3

B5

	Of the initial 2006 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	
B6		
	Final 2006 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (Subtract question B5 from question B4)	896
B7		
	Of the initial 2006 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2010):	696
B8		
	Of the initial 2006 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2010 and by August 31, 2011):	18
B9		
	Of the initial 2006 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2011 and by August 31, 2012):	10
B10		
	Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):	724
B11		<u> </u>
	Or year and water rate for 2000 asked (mustice D40 divided to severite	
	Six-year graduation rate for 2006 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):	81%
	50).	
	Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree- the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term prece	
B4	the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term prece Initial 2005 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-	
B4	the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term prece	ding fall 2005.
B4 B5	the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term prece Initial 2005 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree- seeking undergraduate students; total all students:	940
B4	the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term prece Initial 2005 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-	ding fall 2005.
B4	the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term prece Initial 2005 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree- seeking undergraduate students; total all students: Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official	940
B4 B5 B6	the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term prece Initial 2005 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree- seeking undergraduate students; total all students: Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official	940
B4 B5 B6	the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term prece Initial 2005 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree- seeking undergraduate students; total all students: Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions: Final 2005 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (Subtract	940
B4 B5 B6 B7	the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term prece Initial 2005 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree- seeking undergraduate students; total all students: Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions: Final 2005 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (Subtract	940 940
B4 B5 B6 B7	the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term prece Initial 2005 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree- seeking undergraduate students; total all students: Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions: Final 2005 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (Subtract question B5 from question B4) Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many completed the program in four years	940 940
B4 B5 B6 B7 B8	the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term prece Initial 2005 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree- seeking undergraduate students; total all students: Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions: Final 2005 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (Subtract question B5 from question B4) Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many completed the program in four years	940 940
B4 B5 B6 B7 B8	the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term prece Initial 2005 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree- seeking undergraduate students; total all students: Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions: Final 2005 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (Subtract question B5 from question B4) Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2009): Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2009 and by August	940 940 940 940 744
B4 B5 B6 B7 B8 B9	the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term prece Initial 2005 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree- seeking undergraduate students; total all students: Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions: Final 2005 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (Subtract question B5 from question B4) Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2009): Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2009 and by August	940 940 940 940 744
B4 B5 B6 B7 B8 B9	 the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term precedent initial 2005 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students: Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions: Final 2005 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (Subtract question B5 from question B4) Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2009): Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2009 and by August 31, 2010): 	940 940 940 940 744 20
B4 B5 B6 B7 B8 B9 B10	 the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term precedent initial 2005 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students: Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions: Final 2005 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (Subtract question B5 from question B4) Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2009): Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2009 and by August 31, 2010): 	940 940 940 940 744 20
B4 B5 B6 B7 B8 B9 B10	 the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term precedent initial 2005 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students: Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions: Final 2005 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (Subtract question B5 from question B4) Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2009): Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2009 and by August 31, 2010): Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2010 and by August 31, 2011): 	940 0 940 940 940 940 744 20 4
B4 B5 B6 B7 B8 B9 B10 B11	 the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term precedent initial 2005 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students: Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions: Final 2005 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (Subtract question B5 from question B4) Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2009): Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2009 and by August 31, 2010): Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2010 and by August 31, 2011): 	940 0 940 940 940 940 744 20 4

Retention Rates

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2011 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

B22

For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered your institution as freshman in Fall 2011 (or the preceding summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in Fall 2012? 87.1 %

Common Data Set C: First-Time, First-Year (Freshman) Admission (2012-2013)

Instructions and Help Glossary of Terms

Applications

C1 First-time, first-year (freshman) students:

Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in Fall 2012. Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who were subsequently offered admission.

For each of the sections below, please fill in either the breakdown of men/women or the total applied, admitted and enrolled.

*Please fill in this field, only if you cannot provide the men/women breakdown.

Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied	3,759
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	5,495
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) who applied *	
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted	2,578
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	4,007
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) who were admitted *	
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	381
Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	0
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	609
Total part-time, first-time , first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	0
Total full-time, first-time , first-year (freshman) who enrolled *	990
Total part-time, first-time , first-year (freshman) who enrolled *	0

C2 Freshman wait-listed students

(students who met admission requirements but whose final admission was contingent on space availability)

Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list?

If yes, please answer the questions below for Fall 2012 admissions:	
Number of qualified applicants offered a place on waiting list	1,668
Number accepting a place on the waiting list	457
Number of wait-listed students admitted	43
Is your waiting list ranked?	💿 Yes 💿 No
If yes, do you release that information to students?	🖱 Yes 💿 No
Do you release that information to school counselors?	🖱 Yes 🔘 No

Admission Requirements

C3	Lligh ochool	completion	requirement
	HIGH SCHOOL	completion	requirement

Check the appropriate box to identify your high school completion requirement for degree-seeking entering students:

High school diploma is required and GED is accepted

W High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted

High school diploma or equivalent is not required

Yes No

C4 Does your institution require or recommend a general college preparatory program for degree-seeking students?

		0	Require Recommend Neither require nor	recommend	
C5	Distribution of high school units required and/or Specify the distribution of academic high school cour Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or	rse units required and/or r			
				Units required	Units recommended
	Total academic units			16	20
	English			4	
	Mathematics			3	4
	Science			3	
	Of these, units that must be lab			2	
	Foreign language			2	4
	Social Studies			2	
	History			2	
	Academic electives				
	Computer Science				
	Visual/Performing Arts				
	Other (explain)	Additional math and 2 sci	ence recommend	1	
Ba	sis for Selection				
C6	Do you have an open admission policy, under wh diplomas are admitted without regard to academi	ic record, test scores, or		s? If so, check whic	h applies:
	Open admission policy as described above for most	students, but		n for out-of-state stud n to some programs	ents
	Other (explain)				
C7	Relative importance of each of the following acad (freshman) admission decisions.	demic and nonacademic	factors in your first	-time, first-year, de	gree-seeking
	Academic	Very important	Important	Considered	Not considered
	Rigor of secondary school record		©	O	©
	Class rank	0	0	۲	0
	Academic GPA	۲	0	0	0

Standardized test scores	0	0	۲	0
Application Essay	۲	0	0	0
Recommendation(s)	۲	0	0	O
lon-Academic				
	Very important	Important	Considered	Not considered
Interview	0	۲	\odot	0
Extracurricular activities	0	۲	0	0
Talent/ability	0	۲	0	0
Character/personal qualities	0	۲	0	Ô
First Generation	0	۲	0	0
Alumni/ae relation	0	O	۲	0
Geographical residence	0	©	۲	0
State residency	0	\odot	0	۲
Religious affiliation/commitment	0	©	0	۲
Racial/ethnic status	0	O	۲	0
Volunteer work	0	۲	0	0
Work experience	0	۲	0	0
Level of applicant's interest	0	0	۲	0

SAT and ACT Policies

C8 Entrance exams

Does your institution make use of SAT, ACT, or SAT Subject Test scores in admission decisions for first-time, first-year degree-seeking applicants?

If yes, please select the appropriate boxes below to reflect your institution's policies for use in admission for Fall 2014.

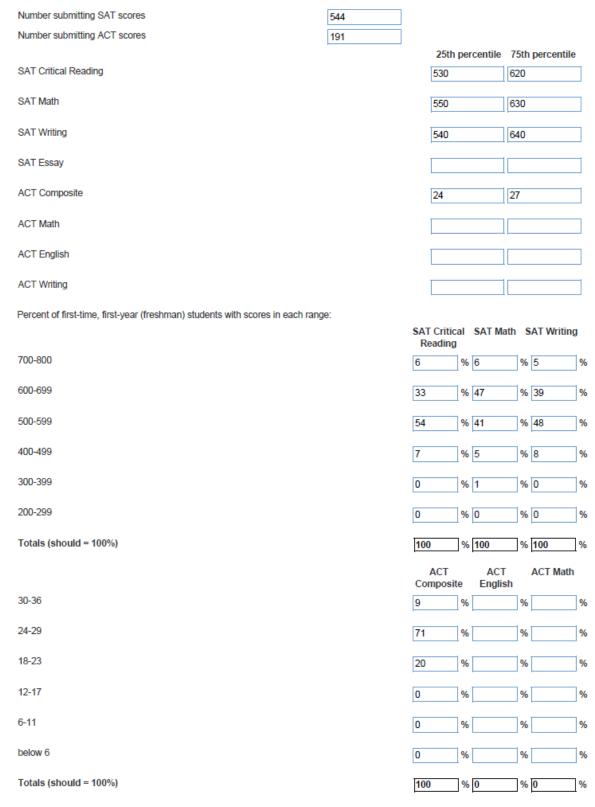
		ADMISSIONS					
	Require	Not Used					
SAT or ACT	0	0	0	۲	\odot		
ACT Only	٢	0	0	۲	0		
SAT only	0	0	0	۲	0		
SAT and SAT Subject Tests or ACT	0	0	0	۲	0		
SAT Subject Tests only	0	0	0	0	۲		

B. If your institution will make use of the ACT in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants for Fall 2014, please indicate which ONE of the following applies (regardless of whether the writing score will be used in the admissions process):

 ACT with Writing component required
 ACT with Writing component recommended
 ACT with or without Writing component accepted

C. Please indicate how your institution will use the SAT or ACT writing component; check all that apply:

		SAT Essay	ACT Essay	
For admission				
For placement				
For advising				
In place of an application essay				
As a validity check on the application essay				
No college policy as of now				
Not using essay component			V	
D. In addition, does your institution use applicants' test scores for academic advising?				
	Yes	No		
E. Latest date by which SAT or ACT scores must be received for fall-term admission:	01/15			
Latest date by which SAT Subject Tests scores must be received for fall- term admission:				
F. If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g. if tests are recommended for some students, or if tests are not required of some students):	Fairfield I	has a test optional policy. S	tudents (
state tests):	SAT ACT SAT Subject Tests AP CLEP Institutional Exam			
State Exam (specify):				
Freshman Profile				
Provide percentages for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time including students who began studies during summer, international students/non				
C9 Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolle test scores.	d in Fall 2	2012 who submitted nation	nal standardized (SAT/ACT)	
Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year partial test scores (e.g. mathematics scores but not critical reading for a cate as TOEFL) in this item. Do not convert SAT scores to ACT scores and vice v below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25 percent scored at or above	gory of str ersa. The	udents) or combine other st	andardized test results (such	
Percent submitting SAT scores	55	%		
Percent submitting ACT scores	19	%		



C10 Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

	Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class		%
	Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class		%
	Top half + bottom half = 100%		
	Percent in top half of high school graduating class		%
	Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class		%
	Totals (should = 100%)	0	%
	Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class		%
	Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school class rank:		%
C11	Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) st the following ranges (using 4.0 scale). Report information only for those stud		2 2 1 2
	Percent who had GPA of 3.75 or higher	21	%
	Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74	19	%
	Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49	21	%
	Percent who had GPA between 3.0 and 3.24	16	%
	Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99	19	%
	Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49	4	%
	Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99	0	%
	Percent who had GPA below 1.0	0	%
	Totals (should = 100%)	100	%
	Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time, first year (freshman) students who submitted GPA:	3.36]
	Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school GPA:	98	%

Admission Policies

C13	Application Fee	
	Does your institution have an application fee?	Yes No
	Amount of application fee	\$60.00
	Can it be waived for applicants with financial need?	Yes No
	If you have an application fee and an on-line application option, please indic	ate policy for students who apply on-line:
	Same fee:	Yes No
	Free:	🕞 Yes 💿 No
	Reduced:	O Yes No
	Can on-line application fee be waived for applicants with financial need?	Yes No
C14	Application Closing Date	
	Does your institution have an application closing date?	Yes No
	Application closing date (Fall):	01/15
	Priority date:	
C15		-
	Are first-time, first-year students accepted for terms other than the fall?	Yes No

C16 Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (fill in one of	only)
On a rolling basis beginning (date):	
By (date):	04/01
Other.	
C17 Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only)	
Must reply by (date):	05/01
	No set date
Must reply by May 1 or within	weeks if notified thereafter
Other:	
Deadline for housing deposit (MMDD):	05 / 01
Amount of housing deposit:	400
Refundable if student does not enroll?	🔘 Yes, in full 🔘 Yes, in part 💿 No
C18 Deferred admission:	
Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after admission?	⊚ Yes ⊘ No
If yes, maximum period of postponement:	1 Year
C19 Early admission of high school students:	
Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, t time, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before high scho graduation?	

Early Decision and Early Action Plans

C21	Early decision	
	Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for Fall enrollment?	Yes No
	If "yes," please complete the following:	
	First or only early decision plan closing date:	1/1
	First or only early decision plan notification date:	2/1
	Other early decision plan closing date:	
	Other early decision plan notification date:	
	For the Fall 2012 entering class:	
	Number of early decision applications received by your institution:	95
	Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan:	55
	Please provide significant details about your early decision plan.	Students who are certain that Fairfield Univer
C22	Early action:	
	Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college?	Yes No
	If "yes," please complete the following:	
	Early action closing date:	11/1
	Early action notification date:	1/1
	Is your early action plan a "restrictive" plan under which you limit students from applying to other early plans?	Yes No

Common Data Set D: Transfer Admission (2012-2013)

Instr	uctions and Help	Glossary of Terms	,			
Fa	II Applicants					
D1						
	Does your institution enroll tr E)	ransfer students? (If no, please skip to Sectio	n 💿 Yes	⊚ No		
		earn advanced standing credit by transferrin work completed at other colleges/universities?		─ No		
D2	Provide the number of stude	nts who applied, were admitted, and enrolled	as degree-s	eeking transfer stud	lents in Fall 2012.	
				Applicants	Admitted Applicants	Enrolled Applicants
	Men			129	50	21
	Mamon					
	Women			133	65	18
	Total			262	115	39
				202	110	33

If yes, what is the minimum number of credits and the unit of measure?

D5 Indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admission:

Application for Admission

	Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not Required
High school transcript	۲	0	0	0	0
College transcript(s)	۲	0	0	0	0
Essay or personal statement	۲	0	0	0	0
Interview	0	۲	0	0	\odot
Standardized test score	0	0	0	0	۲
Statement of good standing from prior institution(s)	۲	0	0	0	0

9

D6

If a minimum high school grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):

D7

	If a minimum college grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):	2.50]				
D8	List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants:	Studen Applic		ield Uni plement,			* (E)
D9	List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for tr rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.	ansfer stud	dents. If applic	ations are r	eviewed on a c	ontinuous o	ог
		Priority Date	Closing Date	Notifi- cation Date	Reply date		
	Fall		5/1				
		Rollin	g Admission				
	Winter						
		Rollin	g Admission				
	Spring		11/15				
		Rollin	g Admission				
	Summer						
		Rollin	g Admission				
D1		· Vac	e No				
	Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to transfer students?	Yes	0110				
D1	1 Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable:						*
							Ŧ
Т	ransfer Credit Policies						
D1	2						
D1	Report the lowest letter grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit:	С					
D1	3			Number	Unit	Туре	
	Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-	year institu	ition:	60			
D1	4			Number	11	Terme	
	Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four-	-year institu	ution:	Number 60	Unit	туре	7
D1	5						
	Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree:						
D1	6	60					
	Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree:						
D	17 Describe other transfer credit policies:						
							-
							-

tructions and Help Glossary of Ten	ns
pecial study options:	
Identify those programs available at your insti	tution. Refer to the glossary for definitions.
	Accelerated program
	Cooperative education program
	Cross-registration
	Distance learning
	Double major
	Dual enrollment
	English as a Second Language (ESL)
	Exchange student program (domestic)
	External degree program
	V Honors program
	Independent study
	✓ Internships
	Liberal arts/career combination
	Student-designed major
	Study abroad
	Teacher certification program
	Weekend college
	Other (please specify)
If you selected Other please specify:	A
	¥

Areas in which all or	most students	are required to	complete some	course work
prior to graduation:				

E3

If you selected Other please specify:

Arts/fine arts
Computer literacy
English (including composition)
Foreign languages
History
Humanities
Mathematics
Philosophy
Sciences (biological or physical)
Social science
Other (please specify)

Religious Studies; U.S. & World Diversity

۸.

Common Data Set F: Student Life (2012-2013)

Instructions and Help Glossary of Terms
Enrollment

F1 Percentages of first-times, first-year (freshman) degree-seeking students and all degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled in Fall 2012 who fit the following categories:

	First-time, first-year (freshman) students	g	Under- raduates	
Percent who are from out of state (exclude international/nonresident aliens from the numerator and denominator)	76	%	64	%
Percent of men who join fratemities	0	%	0	%
Percent of women who join sororities	0	%	0	%
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing	95	%	82	%
Percent who live off campus or commute	6	%	17	%
Percent of students age 25 and older	0	%	6	%
Average age of full-time students	18		20]
Average age of all students (full- and part-time)	18		20	

Activities offered

F2 Identify those programs available at your institution

Campus Ministries
Choral groups
Concert band
✓ Dance
Drama/theater
International Student Organization
Jazz band
Literary magazine
Marching band
Model UN
Music ensembles
Musical theater
Opera
Pep band
Radio station
Student government
Student newspaper
Student-run film society
Symphony orchestra
Television station
Vearbook Vearbook

ROTC

F3 (program offered in cooperation with Reserve Officer's Training Corps) Army ROTC is offered:

On campus At cooperating institutions (name):

Univeristy of New Haven

٨

Navy ROTC is offered:

On campus

At cooperating institutions (name):

Air Force ROTC is offered:

On campus

At cooperating institutions (name):

Yale Univeristy

Housing

F4 Check all types of college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates at your institution

1	Coed	dorms	

Special housing for disabled student

- Men's dorms
- Special housing for international students
- Women's dorms
- Fraternity/sorority housing
- Apartments for married students
- Cooperative housing
- Apartments for single students
- Wellness housing
- Theme housing
- Other (please specify)

If you selected Other please specify:

Common Data Set G: Annual Expenses (2012-2013)

Appual Expanses			
Annual Expenses			
Provide 2013-2014 academic year costs for the following categories that an	re applicable to your institut	tion.	
0			
Please provide the URL of your institution's net price calculator.	http://www.fairfield.edu/a	dmission/uga_n	etprie
	Check here if your ins are not available at th Check here if you are 2014 costs are available	is time providing 2012-3	-
and provide an approximate date (i.e., month/day) when your institution's final 2013-2014 academic year costs will be available:	3/22		
Indergraduate full-time tuition, required fee	s, room and bo	ard	
1 List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time und semester or 45 quarter hours for institutions that derive annual tuition by m refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; us period covered by a four-one-four plan. Room and board is defined as doul Required fees include only charges that all full-time students must pay that Do NOT include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).	ultiplying credit hour cost b sually equated to two seme ble occupancy and 19 mea	y number of crea sters or trimeste Is per week or th	dits). A full academic ye rs, three quarters, or th e maximum meal plan.
PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS Tuition:		\$41,090	\$41,090
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS Tuition: (in-district)			
In-state: (out-of-district)			
Out-of-state:			
NONRESIDENT ALIENS Tuition:		\$41,090	\$41,090
REQUIRED FEES:		\$600	\$600
ROOM AND BOARD: (on-campus)		\$12,550	\$12,550
ROOM ONLY: (on-campus)			
BOARD ONLY: (on-campus meal plan)			
Comprehensive tuition/room/board fee (if your college cannot provide separate tuition/room/board/fees): Other:	\$53,640		
2			
Number of credits per term a student can take for the stated full-time tuition	n Minimu	JM 12	Maximum

G4

If yes, what percentage of full-time undergraduates pay more than the tuition and fees reported in G1?

Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student.					
G5	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)		
Books and supplies:	1150	1150	1150		
Room only:					
Board only:					
Room and board total (if your college cannot provide separate room and board figures for commuters not living at home):	12550	8600			
Transportation:	800	1350	800		
Other expenses:	930	930	930		
Independents nor exactly hour charges (fultion only)					

Ur	Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only):	
G6		
	PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	700
	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS: (in-district)	
	In-state: (out-of-district)	
	Out-of-state:	
	NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	

Common Data Set H: Financial Aid (2012-2013)

Instructions and Help Glossary of Terms

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

H1 Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2011-2012 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2011-2012 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should <u>be reported in the need-based aid column</u>. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items H1, H2, H2A, and H6 below:

2012-2013 estimated or
 2011-2012 final

Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid?

Federal methodology (FM)
 Institutional methodology (IM)

Both FM and IM

	Need-based \$ (Include non-need -based aid used to meet need.)	need-based
Scholarships/Grants		
Federal	3,126,936	0
State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located)	1,580,433	0
Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below).	30,080,873	18,950,062
Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college	0	609,555
Total Scholarships/Grants	34,788,242	19,559,617
	34,700,242	19,009,017
Self-Help		
Student Loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	10,429,526	10.685.085
Federal Work Study	439,080	0
State and other (e.g., institutional) workstudy/ employment (Note: Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)	0	0
• •		
Total Self-Help	10,868,606	10,685,085
Other		
Parent Loans		
Parent Loans	0	8,121,693
Tuition Waivers	0	0
Note: Reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you choose to report them. Do not report tuition waivers elsewhere.	U	U
Athletic Awards	0	5,693,695

Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid

H2 List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid. <u>Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1.</u>

Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

			First-time Full-time Freshme	e Undergrad	Less than Full-time Undergrad
	a) Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 20 cohort))12	990	3,441	278
	b) Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid		766	2,414	92
	c) Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial need		534	1,835	9
	d) Number of students in line c who were awarded any financial aid		534	1,832	9
	e) Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant a	id	461	1,666	6
	f) Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based self-help aid		438	1,598	7
	g) Number of students in line d who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or gra	ant aid	452	1,008	1
	 h) Number of students in line d whose need was fully met (<u>exclude PLUS loans, unsubsidi</u> loans and private alternative loans.) 	zed	65	231	0
	i) On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any ne based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources were awarded to replace EFC (<u>PLUS loans. unsubsidized loans and private alternative loans</u>)	that ^L	88 9	% 88 %	42 %
	j) The average financial aid package of those in line d. Exclude any resources that were at to replace EFC (<u>PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans and private alternative loans.</u>)	warded	27,725	29,491	9,750
	k) Average need-based scholarship and grant aid of those in line e		15,122	19,098	8,875
	I) Average need-based self-help award (<u>excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans and pratemative loans</u>) of those in line f	ivate	4,286	5,046	4,714
	m) Average need-based loan (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans and private alter loans) of those in line f who were awarded a need-based loan	native	4,179	4,839	4,714
H2A	A Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: L than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institution grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In t than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.	nalnot	externalno	on-need-based s	cholarship or
		Ful	st-time I-time shmen	Full-time Undergrad (inc. fresh)	Less than Full-time Undergrad
	n) Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)	315	7	719	2
	 Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid awarded to students in line n 	13,148	1	16,105	1,500
	 p) Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic grant or scholarship 	64	2	255	0
	q) Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic grants and scholarships awarded to students in line ${\bf p}$	20,119	2	22,328	0
H3	Incorporated into H1 above. Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CE)S H4, F	14a, H5, and	d H5a.	
					Cont King

Include: * 2012 undergraduate class who graduated between July 1, 2011 and June 30, 2012 who started at your institution as first- time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2011 and June 30, 2012. * only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution. * co-signed loans.

Exclude: * those who transferred in. * money borrowed at other institutions.

H4		
time through any loan p Federal Stafford Subsid certified by your institut	e of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any programs (institutional, state, Federal Perkins, dized and Unsubsidized, private loans that were ion, etc.; exclude parent loans). Include both Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	67 %
H4A		
time through federal loa Subsidized and Unsubs	e of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any an programs—Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford sidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans ucation Loans. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, s and parent loans.	66 %
H5		
Report the average per borrowed of those in lin	-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal le H4.	28,507
H5A		
	-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal	22,622
Perkins, Federal Staffo Federal Direct Student	I4a, through federal loan programsFederal rd Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. These DTE: exclude all institutional, state, private xclude parent loans.	
Aid to Undergra	duate Degree-seeking Nonre	sident Aliens
Note: Report numbers and (dollar amounts for the same academic year checked	in item H1.
H6 Indicate your institution	's policy regarding institutional scholarship and grant	aid for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:
		Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available
		Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is
		available
		Institutional scholarship or grant aid is not available
nonresident aliens, pro	aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking vide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking were awarded need-based or non-need-based aid:	47
-	of institutional financial aid awarded to seeking nonresident aliens:	41,674
Total dollar amount of i degree-seeking nonres	nstitutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate ident aliens:	1,958,659
H7 Check off all financial a	id forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid app	licants must submit:
		Institution's own financial aid form
		I COO/Finencial Aid DDOF/LE
		CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE
		International Student's Financial Aid Application
		 International Student's Financial Aid Application International Student's Certification of Finances
		International Student's Financial Aid Application
If you selected Other p	lease specify:	 International Student's Financial Aid Application International Student's Certification of Finances
	lease specify: st-Year/Freshman Students	 International Student's Financial Aid Application International Student's Certification of Finances

H8 Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit:

FAFSA
Institution's own financial aid form
CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE
State aid form

			Noncustodial PROFILE Business/Farm Supplement Other (please specify)			
		If you selected Other please specify:	Noncustodial (Divorced/Separated A Parent's Statement)			
	H9	Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:				
		Priority date for filing required financial aid forms:				
		Deadline for filing required financial aid forms:	2/15			
			No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis):			
	H10	Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students: (answer a or b)				
		a.) Students notified on or about (date):	04/01			
		b.) Students notified on a rolling basis:	O Yes o No			
		If yes, starting date:				
	H11	Indicate reply dates:	<u>·</u>			
		Students must reply by (date):	05/01			
		or within	weeks of notification.			
	-	ase check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:				
	H12	Loans				
		FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN)	Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans Direct PLUS Ioans			
			V Federal Perkins Loans			

Federal Nursing Loans

State Loans

College/university loans from institutional funds

Other (please specify)

Alternative Loans

If you selected Other please specify:

H13 Scholarships and Grants Need-based:

Federal Pell

SEOG

State scholarships/grants

Private scholarships

College/university scholarship or grant aid from institutional funds

æ.

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United Negro College Fund

Federal Nursing Scholarships

Other (please specify)

If you selected Other please specify:

	Non-need	Need-based
Academics		
Alumni affiliation		
Art		
Athletics	V	
Job skills		
		Non-need
ROTC		
	Non-need	Need-based
Leadership		
Minority status		
Music/drama	\checkmark	
Music diama		
Religious affiliation		
Religious affiliation		titution more affordable to

Common Data Set I: Instructional Faculty And Class Size (2012-2013)

Instructions and Help	Glossary of Terms

Instructional Faculty

Please report number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2012. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

I-1 The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructionalresearch staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	Full-time	Part-time
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or predoctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(c) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research) Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered fulltime instructional faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaskan native; Asian, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander; or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formerly designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD). irts)

Terminal degree: the highest degree in a field: example, N	. Arch (architecture) and MFA (master of fine an
--	--

	Full time	Part time	Total
a.) Total number of instructional faculty	263	324	587
b.) Total number who are members of minority groups	12	20	32
c.) Total number who are women	141	155	296
d.) Total number who are men	122	169	291
e.) Total number who are non-resident aliens (international)	15	0	15
f.) Total number with doctorate, or other terminal degree	242	140	382
g.) Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal master's	19	150	169
h.) Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	2	20	22
	0	14	14

i.) Total number	whose	highest	degree	is	unknown	or	other	(Note:	Items	f,	g,	h,	and i
must sum up to	item a.))											

j.) Total number in stand-alone graduate/ professional programs in which faculty teach 18		34	52
virtually only graduate-level students		, 	

Student to Faculty Ratio

I-2 Report the Fall 2012 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

11

Fall 2012 Student to Faculty ratio:

to i based on 3,007 students and 341 lacuity		to 1 based on	3,607	students and	341	faculty
--	--	---------------	-------	--------------	-----	---------

Undergraduate Class Size

I-3 In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2012 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of class sections and class subsections offered in Fall 2012. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled. Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)

	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
Class Sections	99	253	365	144	6	7	0	874
Class Sub-Sections	89	72	13	0	0	0	0	172

Common Data Set J: Degrees Conferred (2012-2013)

Instructions and Help Glossary of Terms

Degrees conferred between July 1, 2011 and June 30, 2012

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and Bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g. students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

Category	Diploma/ Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 2010 Categories to Include
Agriculture	%	%		% 1
Natural resources and conservation	%	%		% 3
Architecture	%	%		% 4
Area, ethnic, and gender studies	%	%		% 5
Communications/journalism	%	%	8.1	% 9
Communication technologies	%	%		% 10
Computer and information sciences	%	%	1	% 11
Personal and culinary services	%	%		% 12
Education	%	%		% 13
Engineering	%	33 %	3.6	% 14
Engineering technologies	%	%		% 15
Foreign languages, literatures, and linguistics	%	%	1.8	% 16
Family and consumer sciences	%	%		% 19
Law/legal studies	%	%		% 22
English	%	%	7.1	% 23
Liberal arts/general studies	%	67 %	1.4	% 24
Library science	%	%		% 25
Biological/life sciences	%	%	3.6	% 26
Mathematics and statistics	%	%	1.8	% 27
Military science and military technologies	%	%		% 29
Interdisciplinary studies	%	%		% 30

Parks and recreation		%	%		%	31
Philosophy and religious studies		%	%		%	38
Theology and religious vocations		%	%		%	39
Physical sciences		%	%	1	%	40
Science technologies		%	%		%	41
Psychology		%	%	6.7	%	42
Homeland Security, law enforcement, firefighting, and protective services		%	%		%	43
Public administration and social services		%	%		%	44
Social sciences		%	%	15.5	%	45
Construction trades		%	%		%	46
Mechanic and repair technologies		%	%		%	47
Precision production		%	%		%	48
Transportation and materials moving		%	%		%	49
Visual and performing arts		%	%	5.5	%	50
Health professions and related programs		%	%	14.1	%	51
Business/marketing		%	%	27.7	%	52
History		%	%	1.1	%	54
Other		%	%	6	%	
Totals (should = 100%)	0	% 100	%	100	%	

Changes for CDS 2012-2013

There are no structural or definitional changes to **CDS for 2012-2013**: other than the incremental advancement by one for year-dependent items, **CDS for 2012-2013** is identical to **CDS for 2011-2012**.

Common Data Set Definitions

Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska Native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.

Applicant (first-time, first-year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is not creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian or Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or Pacific Islands. This includes people from China, Japan, Korea, the Philippine Islands, American Samoa, India, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but not more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa (except those of Hispanic origin).

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

***Career and placement services**: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

***Community service program**: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing

school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

Cooperative (work-study plan) program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, Internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctoral degree: The highest award a student can earn for graduate study. The doctoral degree classification includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and the Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology. For the Doctor of Public Health degree, the prior degree is generally earned in the closely related field of medicine or in sanitary engineering.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular application pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college in the United States without extending the amount of time required for a degree. See also Study abroad.

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First professional certificate (postdegree): An award that requires completion of an organized program of study designed for persons who have completed the first professional degree. Examples could be refresher courses or additional units of study in a specialty or subspecialty.

First professional degree: An award in one of the following fields: chiropractic (DC, DCM), dentistry (DDS, DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), rabbinical and Talmudic studies (MHL, Rav), Pharmacy (BPharm, PharmD), podiatry (PodD, DP, DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), law (LLB, JD), divinity/ministry (BD, MDiv).

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, **first-year** (**freshman**) **student**: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours. **Freshman**: A first-year undergraduate student.

*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPAs/assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or first professional degree, or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Test of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

Hispanic: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International students: See Nonresident alien.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of at least the full-time equivalent of one but not more than two academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

***On-campus day care**: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee. **Open admission**: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

***Personal counseling**: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements --

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900

contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 40 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

***Remedial services**: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-15], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Room and board (charges)--on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summmer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

***Summer session**: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

***Tutoring**: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: A standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

***Veteran's counseling**: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

***Visually impaired**: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East (except those of Hispanic origin).

***Women's center**: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

Financial Aid Definitions

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits any one of the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan programs (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and should be included.

Institutional and external funds: Endowment, alumni, or external monies for which the institution determines the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds, or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Scholarships/grants from external sources: Monies received from outside (private) sources that the student brings with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.